10/621,555

Serial No. 09/492,727 Attorney Docket No. UMC-215 REI

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

(original) A voltage down converter comprising:

an input node receiving an external voltage VEXT;

a driver unit selectively coupling the input node to an internal voltage supply node in response to a drive control signal;

a reference voltage generator providing a voltage VREF;

a hysteresis timing unit responsive to a first control signal and generating one or more control signals selected from the group consisting of a second control signal VHYST- and a third control signal VHYST+; and

a comparator unit coupled to the internal voltage supply node, VREF, VHYST- and VHYST+ and coupled to the driver unit to generate the drive control signal, the comparator unit shifting a trip point of the comparator in response to the second and third control signals.

2. (original) The voltage down converter of claim 1 wherein the comparator unit further comprises:

a differential input stage having a first input coupled to a signal that is proportional to the voltage on the internal voltage supply node, a second input coupled to VHYST-, a third input coupled to VREF, and a fourth input coupled to VHYST+, and an output, wherein the input stage generates the drive control signal.

3. (original) The voltage down converter of claim 2 wherein the differential input stage comprises: 10/621555

Serial No. 09/492,727 Attorney Docket No. UMC-215 REI

a first branch within the differential input stage comprising a first load device, a primary current path providing a current through the first load device that is proportional to the voltage on the internal voltage supply node, and supplementary current path providing a current through the first load device when the VHYST- signal is active; and

a second branch within the differential input stage comprising a second load device, a primary current path providing a current through the second load device that is responsive to the reference voltage, and supplementary current path providing a current through the second load device when the VHYST+ signal is active.

4. (original) The voltage down converter of claim 3 wherein the primary current path of the first branch comprises a first field effect transistor coupled in series with the first load device having a gate electrode coupled to a signal that is proportional to the voltage on the internal voltage supply node; and

wherein the supplementary current path of the first branch comprises a second and a third field effect transistor coupled in series with each other and with the first load device, wherein the gate of the second field effect transistor is coupled to the VHYST- signal and the gate of the third field effect transistor is coupled to the reference voltage generator.

5. (original) The voltage down converter of claim 3 wherein the primary current path of the second branch comprises a first field effect transistor coupled in series with the second load device having a gate electrode coupled to the reference voltage generator; and

wherein the supplementary branch of the second current path comprises a second and a third field effect transistor coupled in series with each other and with the second load device, wherein the gate of the second field effect transistor

Serial No. 09/492,727 40/621, SSS Attorney Docket No. UMC-215 REI

is coupled to the VHYST+ signal and the gate of the third field effect transistor is coupled to the reference voltage generator.

- 6. (original) The voltage down converter of claim 1 wherein the hysteresis timing unit further comprises:
 - a first input coupled to the drive control signal;
- a second input coupled to receive a clock signal, wherein the clock signal is selected to anticipate activation and deactivation of a high current load coupled to the internal voltage supply node; and
- a logic circuit for combining signals on the first and second inputs to generate the first control signal VHYST-.
- 7. (original) The voltage down converter of claim 6 wherein the hysteresis timing unit further comprises:
- a voltage shift circuit coupled to the second input to shift the signal on the second input from a logic level based on the internal supply voltage to a logic level compatible with the external voltage.
- 8. (original) A method for converting voltage VCC supplied to a pin of an integrated circuit to a lower internal voltage VCCI on an internal voltage supply node, the method comprising the steps of:

generating a first signal proportional to the internal voltage;

coupling the first signal to a comparator, the comparator operating to generate a second signal indicating when the first signal is above or below the trip point;

monitoring a clock signal to anticipate current load in the integrated circuit; and

shifting the trip point in response to the clock signal.

Serial No. 09/492,727 10/401 1555 Attorney Docket No. UMC-215 REI

- 9. (new) The method of claim 8, further comprising the step of:

 programming the trip point by adjusting a size of one or more transistors
 used to implement the comparator.
- 10. (new) The method of claim 8, further comprising the step of:

 programming the trip point by programatically coupling a plurality of transistors used to implement the comparator in parallel using field programmable techniques.
- 11. (new) The method of claim 8, further comprising the step of:

 programming the trip point by programatically coupling a plurality of transistors used to implement the comparator in parallel using mask programmable techniques.
- 12. (new) The method of claim 8, further comprising the step of:

 programming a hysteresis voltage by adjusting a size of one or more transistors used to implement the comparator.
- 13. (new) The method of claim 8, further comprising the step of:

 generating a first hysteresis control signal and a second hystersis control
 signal from the clock signal, the first hysteresis control signal being active when
 the trip point is to be shifted to a higher voltage, and the second hysteresis
 control signal being active when the trip point is to be shifted to a lower voltage.
- 14. (new) The method of claim 8, further comprising the step of:

 using the clock signal to anticipate a voltage droop condition; and
 shifting the trip point higher when the voltage droop condition is
 anticipated.

Serial No. 09/492,727 | 0 (60), 555 Attorney Docket No. UMC-215 REI

- 15. (new) The method of claim 8, further comprising the step of:

 using the clock signal to anticipate a voltage overshoot condition; and
 shifting the trip point lower when the voltage droop condition is
 anticipated.
- 16. (new) The voltage down converter of claim 1, wherein the trip point is initially set at a level determined by sizes of transistors in the comparator unit.
- 17. (new) The voltage down converter of claim 1, wherein the trip point is field programmable.
- 18. (new) The voltage down converter of claim 1, wherein VHYST- and VHYST+ are determined by transistor sizes within the comparator unit.